

### **ALDI US**

One of America's fastest-growing retailers, ALDI operates more than 2,000 U.S. stores across 37 states. Since 1976, ALDI has offered a unique shopping experience designed to save customers money on the groceries they want most and never having to compromise on quality or selection. ALDI sells grocery and household items, primarily under its exclusive brands, which meet or exceed national name brands on both taste and quality.

				2022
Number of Fisheries Used	Fisheries Certified	Fisheries in a FIP	Fisheries Well Managed	Fisheries Managed
102	61	16	63	23
		Production Methods Used		
Midwater trawl	Purse seine	• Hook and I	ine • Ral	ke / hand gathered / hand
• Bottom trawl	• FAD-free (unassoc	FAD-free (unassociated)     Longlines		ted
• Dredge	purse seine • Gillnets and entan		and pole-lines • Pot	s and traps



### Summary

ALDI promises shoppers high-quality products at the best prices. For us, quality includes consumer safety, health and well-being, and the sustainability of our products and their production. Ethical sourcing and buying practices are a vital part of our business and, together with our business partners, we are committed to responsibly sourcing our exclusive-brand seafood products. Today, 100% of ALDI-exclusive brand fresh, frozen and canned seafood comes from responsible fisheries and farms. We are also committed to human rights and fair labor practices throughout the supply chain. ALDI has also implemented a sustainable seafood buying policy that is reviewed annually by our expert partners and has been fully integrated into our internal operations.

This profile covers all main wild-caught seafood sourced in 2021.

For more information about ALDI, visit aldi.us.

# **Associated Fisheries**



Map data ©2024



<b>Alaska pollock</b> Theragra chalcogramma	Midwater trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Aleutian Islands, E Bering Sea, Sea of Okhotsk			5	
<b>Fishery countries:</b> Russia, United States				

### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to have direct impacts on PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored.

Pottopo travul	Contified		
Bottom trawi	Certified	weil managea	$\checkmark$
	Bottom trawl	Bottom trawl Certified	Bottom trawl Certified Well managed

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored.



#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds, sea turtles, marine mammals and sharks with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch of other tuna, billfishes and sharks is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes



#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds, sea turtles, marine mammals and sharks with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch of other tuna, billfishes and sharks is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

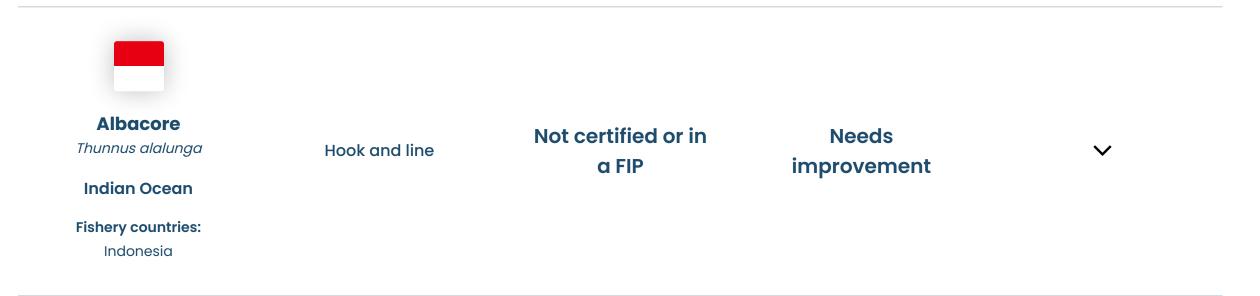
#### References



- There are risks to seabirds, sea turtles, marine mammals and sharks with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch of other tuna, billfishes and sharks is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

No additional notes



#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds, sea turtles, marine mammals and sharks with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch of other tuna, billfishes and sharks is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

No additional notes



#### **Environmental Notes**

• Profile not yet complete.

#### **General Notes**

Albacore		Not certified or in	Sustainability	
Thunnus alalunga	Longlines			$\checkmark$
	0	a FIP	not rated	
South Pacific - IATTC				
Fishery countries:				
China, Taiwan				

- There are risks to seabirds and sea turtles with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes tunas, sharks, billfish and other fish.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

Albacore				
Thunnus alalunga	Longlines	FIP	Managed	$\checkmark$
South Pacific -			-	
WCPFC				
<b>Fishery countries:</b> China, Fiji				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds and sea turtles with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes tunas, sharks, billfish and other fish.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, Pacific Ocean tuna - Iongline (Bumble Bee/FCF Co., Ltd)



- There are risks to seabirds and sea turtles with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes tunas, sharks, billfish and other fish.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

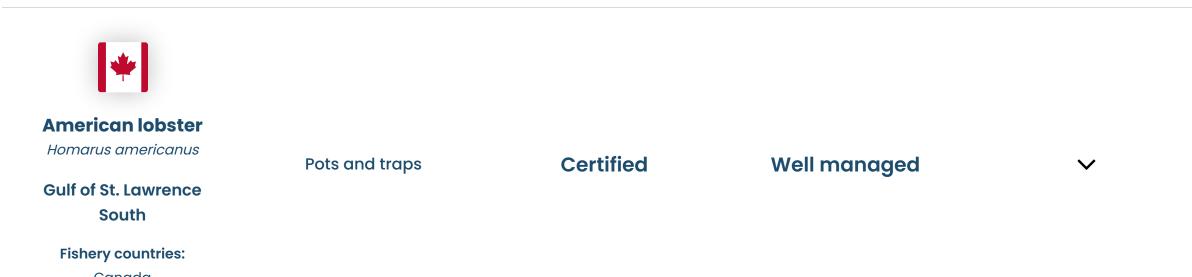


#### **Environmental Notes**

- Entanglement in lobster gear presents a risk to marine mammals, in particular the critically endangered Right whale. Management measures such as seasonal closures are in place to mitigate the risk of impacts on the species.
- Bycatch in this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



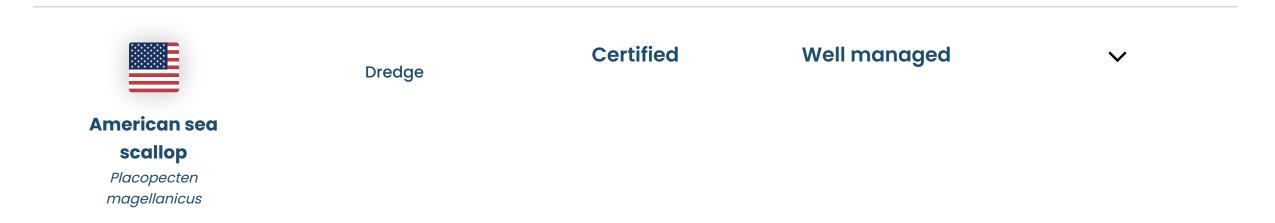


#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact ETP species. The risk to marine mammals of entanglement in lobster gear is considered low.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes



#### US Atlantic - Mid-Atlantic Bight

Fishery countries: United States

### **Environmental Notes**

- There is potential for turtle interactions with this fishery, but mitigation actions are underway.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Dredges will directly impact the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes

Argentine red				
shrimp				
Pleoticus muelleri	Bottom trawl	FIP	Managed	$\checkmark$
Patagonian -			managoa	·
Argentina inshore,				
Argentina offshore				
Fishery countries:				
Argentina				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to sharks and rays with this fishery.
- Bycatch of hake is a risk with this fishery.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, Argentina onshore red shrimp - bottom trawl FIP

Fishery Progress, Argentina offshore red shrimp - bottom trawl FIP

Atlantic cod				
Gadus morhua	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Barents Sea				
Fishery countries:				
Greenland				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are concerns about the cumulative impacts of the Barents Sea fishery upon the endangered species, golden redfish.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but non-target species are retained. Management measures are in place to reduce impacts on retained species.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed. Management measures are in place to limit impacts on benthic habitats.

#### **General Notes**

Atlantic cod				
Gadus morhua	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Barents Sea				
Fishery countries:				
Norway				

- There are concerns about the cumulative impacts of the Barents Sea fishery upon the endangered species, golden redfish.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but non-target species are retained. Management measures are in place to reduce impacts on retained species.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. Management measures are in place to limit impacts on benthic habitats.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

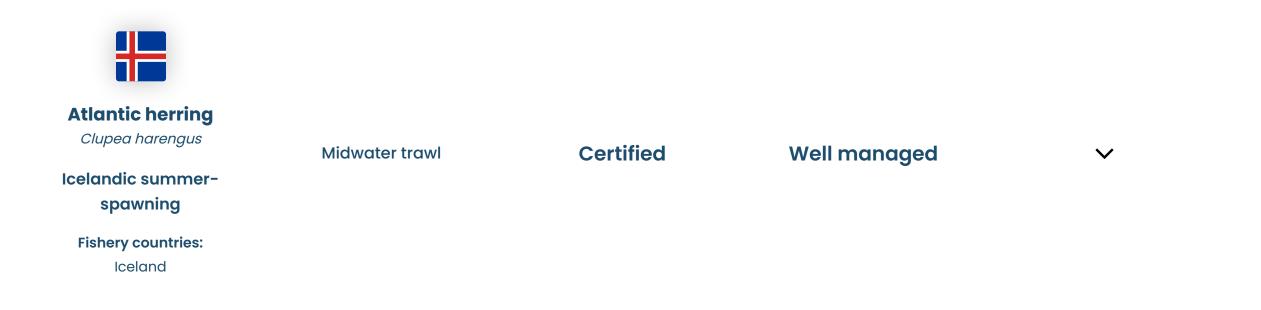
Atlantic cod					
Gadus morhua	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$	
Barents Sea					
Fishery countries:					
Russia					

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are potential risks to ETP species with this fishery, but mitigation actions are underway.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



- The available data on the impacts of fishing on the ETP species in Iceland is scarce. There are management measures in place for whales and seals.
- Bycatch in this fishery is considered low. There are management measures in place to prevent bycatch of juvenile herring and other species.

• This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

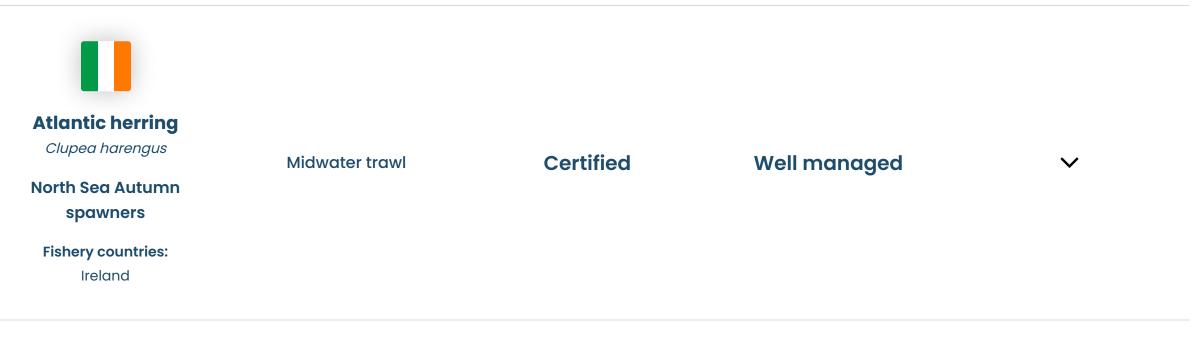
Atlantic herring Clupea harengus	Purse seine	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
North Sea Autumn spawners			5	
<b>Fishery countries:</b> Denmark				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact protected, endangered and threatened (PET) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact protected, endangered and threatened (PET) species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



• Profile not yet complete.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

Blue swimming crab Portunus pelagicus Java Sea Fishery countries: Indonesia	Gillnets and entangling nets Pots and traps	FIP	Needs improvement	~
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#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact ETP species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, Indonesian blue swimming crab - gillnet/trap

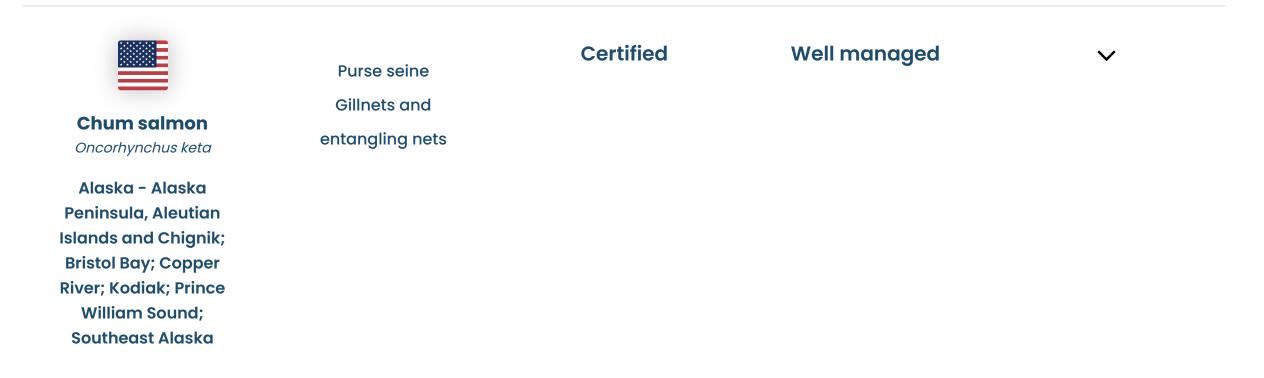
*				
Carrot squat				
lobster	Dettere trevel			• •
Cervimunida johni	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Central Chile				
Fishery countries:				
Chile				

#### **Environmental Notes**

• Profile not yet complete.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Intertek Moody Marine, 2013, Alaska Salmon Fishery MSC Public Certification Report



#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch in this fishery is considered low, but available data is still limited.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored.



Haddock Melanogrammus aeglefinus

Longlines

Certified

Well managed

 $\checkmark$ 

Icelandic

Fishery countries: Iceland

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species. Longlines present a hazard to turtles, seabirds and sharks but these risks can be reduced through proper management of fishing gear.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



Melanogrammus aeglefinus

North Sea, West of Scotland and Skagerrak

Fishery countries:

United Kingdom

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but management measures are in place to reduce impacts on retained species.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed, but the fishery is considered highly unlikely to irreparably reduce habitat structure and function.

#### **General Notes**

• As a mixed fishery, the effects of management measures on other species need to be considered within an ecosystem context.

Longfin squid				
Loligo pealeii	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
NW Atlantic				
Fishery countries:				
United States				
United States				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to marine mammals, sharks, and rays with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- There is some risk of bycatch by bottom trawl gear.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



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Mahi-mahi Coryphaena hippurus	Longlines	FIP	Sustainability not rated	$\checkmark$
Eastern Pacific Ocean				
Fishery countries: Ecuador, Peru				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to turtles, sharks and seabirds with this fishery.
- Bycatch is a significant risk for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, Ecuador mahi-mahi - longline

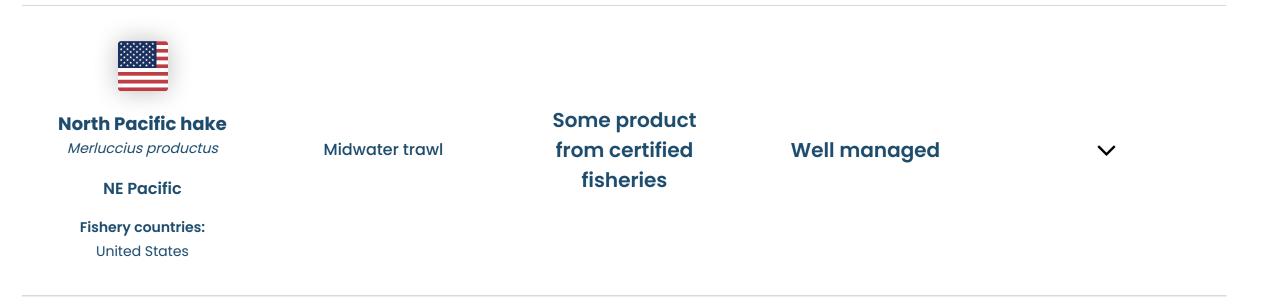
<b>Mahi-mahi</b> Coryphaena hippurus Western and Central Pacific - WCPFC	Longlines	FIP	Sustainability not rated	$\checkmark$
<b>Fishery countries:</b> Taiwan				

- There are risks to turtles and seabirds with this fishery, but management measures are in place.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there is insufficient data available to assess significance.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

References

Fishery Progress, Taiwan Hsin-Kang mahi-mahi - longline



#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch in this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



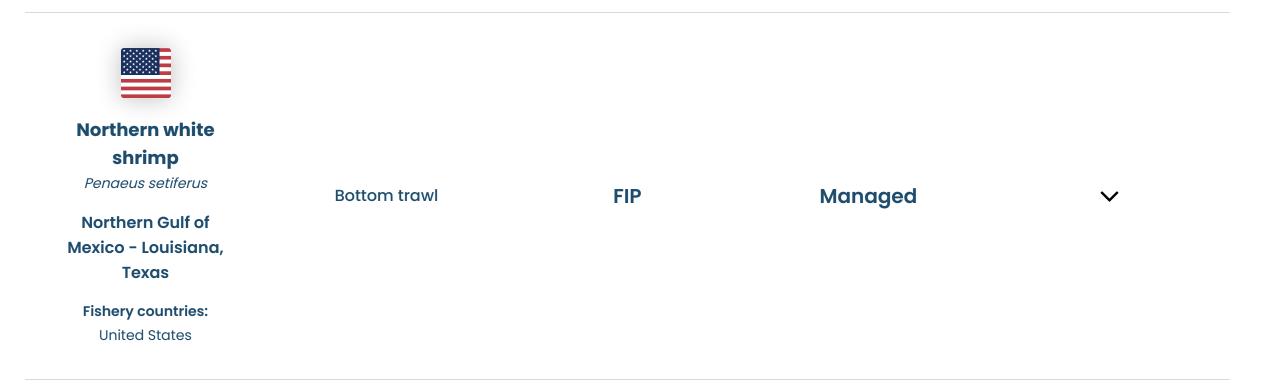
- There is potential for turtle interactions with this fishery, but excluder devices are fitted to nets for protection.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, US Louisiana shrimp - otter/skimmer trawl

Fishery Progress, US Texas shrimp - otter trawl



#### **Environmental Notes**

- There is potential for turtle interactions with this fishery, but excluder devices are fitted to nets for protection.
- Bycatch is a significant risk for this fishery.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

<u>Fishery Progress, Louisiana shrimp - otter/skimmer trawl FIP</u>

Fishery Progress, US Texas shrimp - otter trawl



Pandalus jordani	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Eastern Pacific - US Oregon				
<b>Fishery countries:</b> United States				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact ETP species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed. However, management measures are in place.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

Pacific calico   scallop   Argopecten ventricosus   Baja California Sur   Fishery countries:   Mexico	Rake / hand gathered / hand netted	FIP	Sustainability not rated	~	
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- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Improvement Project, Baja Scallops FIP

Pacific cod	Bottom trawl			
Gadus macrocephalus	Longlines	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Aleutian Islands	Longines			
Fishery countries:				
United States				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes other fish, skates and sea birds, but there is insufficient data available to assess significance.
- The impact depends on the gear type. Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

No additional notes. ۲



- There are risks to seabirds and marine mammals in this fishery, but impacts are likely to be low and there is a management strategy in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes sea birds, but there is a strategy in place to manage impacts.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

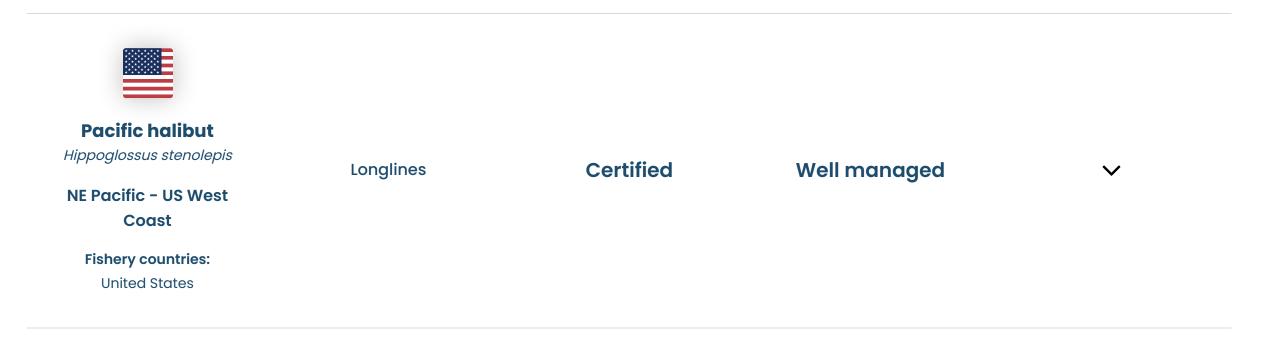
Pacific cod				
Gadus macrocephalus	Bottom trawl	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Eastern Bering Sea				
Fishery countries:				
United States				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there is insufficient data available to assess significance.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed. However, management measures are in place.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes



#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds with this fishery, but mitigation actions are underway.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there is insufficient data available to assess significance.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes

Pink salmon	
Oncorhynchus	
gorbuscha Purse seine	
Alaska - Cook Inlet, Gillnets and Certified Well managed	$\checkmark$
Prince William Sound, entangling nets	
Southeast Alaska,	
Westward Alaska	
Fishery countries:	
United States	

- While encounters with marine mammals and birds have been documented in this fishery, the impact on PET species is not thought to be significant.
- There is no risk of bycatch for this fishery. Catches of other salmon species are accounted for in the pink salmon management.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Intertek Moody Marine, 2013, MSC Public Certification Report for Alaska Salmon Fishery

Pink salmon				
Oncorhynchus				
gorbuscha	Pots and traps	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Russia - East				
Kamchatka				
Fishery countries:				
Russia				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes



Indian Ocean

Fishery countries: Indonesia

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



#### Indian Ocean

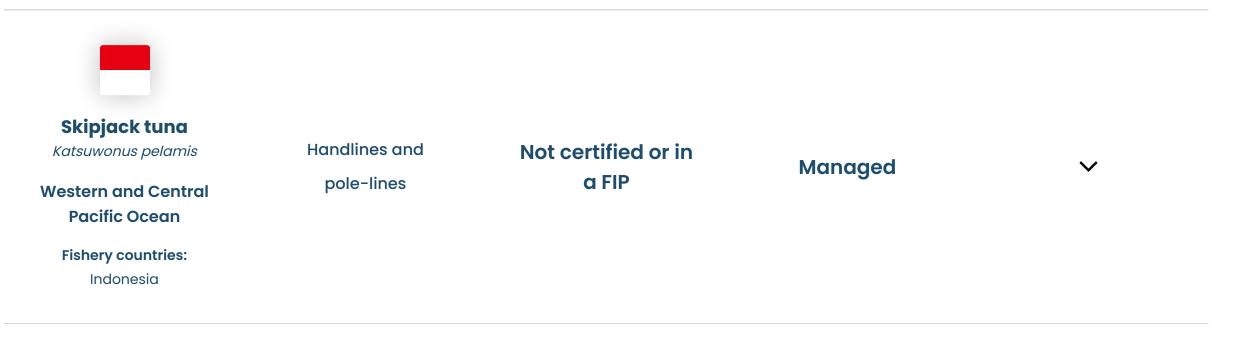
Fishery countries: Maldives

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to sea turtles, seabirds and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes other tuna, billfishes and sharks.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.



- There are risks to sea turtles, seabirds and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes other tuna, billfishes and sharks.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

Sockeye salmon Oncorhynchus nerka				
Alaska - Bristol Bay,	Gillnets and	Certified	Woll managed	$\checkmark$
Cook Inlet, Copper-	entangling nets	Certified	Well managed	v
Bering, Southeast				
Alaska, Westward				
Alaska				
Fishery countries:				
United States				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

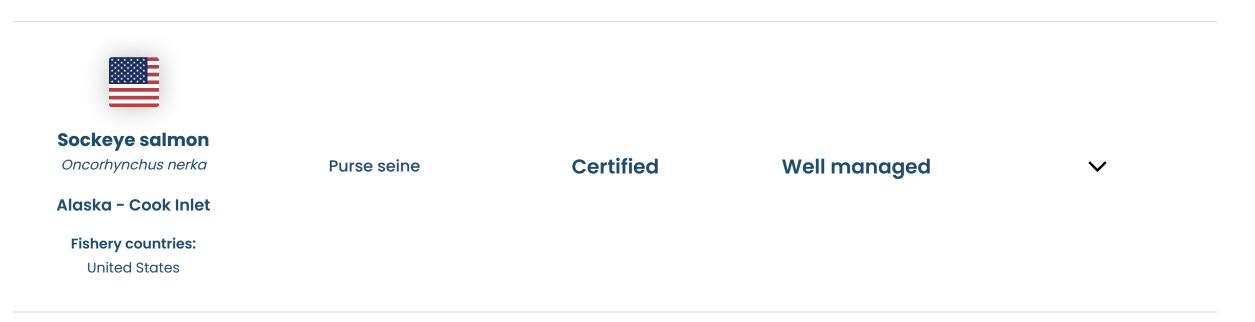
#### **General Notes**

#### Caveat

The environmental notes for this fishery are based on a provisional assessment and are not derived from the FishSource profile.

#### References

Intertek Moody Marine, 2013, MSC Public Certification Report for the Alaska Salmon Fishery



#### **Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

MRAG Americas, April 2019, MSC Public Certification Report for the Alaska Salmon Fishery

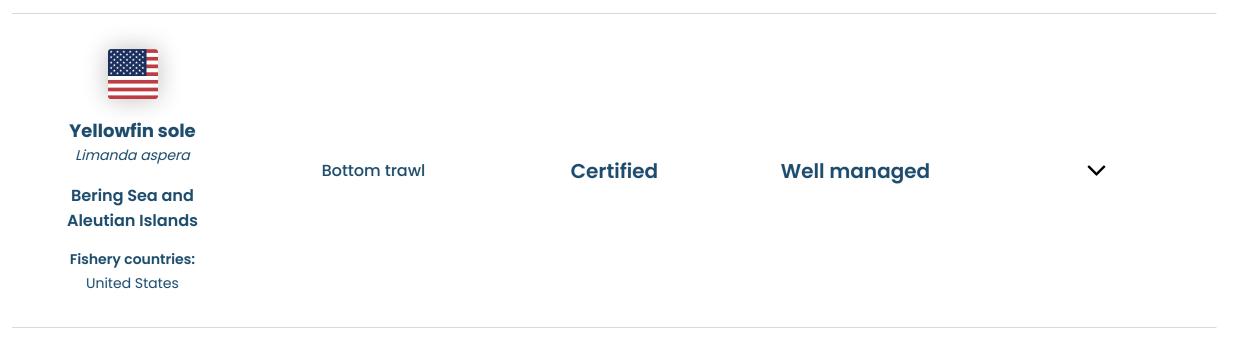


• Profile not yet complete.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, Mexico Gulf of California swimming crab - pot/trap/ring net



#### **Environmental Notes**

- In terms of endangered, protected and threatened (ETP) species, this fishery recorded catches of big skate. Bottom trawling is prohibited in waters near rookeries and haulouts to protect Steller sea lions and walruses, as well as seasonally or permanently in extensive areas of the eastern Bering Sea to minimize by catch and habitat impacts that might affect other fisheries in the region.
- The most common bycatch by weight in the fishery is Alaska plaice, followed by rock sole, pollock, pacific cod, flathead sole, sculpins, arrowtooth flounder and skates. Special limitations on bottom trawling apply in several areas to avoid impacts to crab, herring, chum and Chinook salmon.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

MRAG Americas, 2015, MSC Public Certification Report for Bering Sea-Aleutian Islands Alaska Flatfish Fishery





**Yellowfin tuna** Thunnus albacares

Western and Central Pacific Ocean -**Parties to the Nauru** Agreement (PNA)

**Fishery countries:** Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Micronesia, Nauru, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Tuvalu

# FAD-free Well managed (unassociated) Certified purse seine

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- This fishery uses FAD-free (unassociated) purse seine gear, which results in less bycatch than associated fisheries. However, purse seine gear still present a hazard to PET species.
- This fishery uses FAD-free (unassociated) purse seine gear, which results in less bycatch than associated fisheries. However, bycatch is still a risk for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

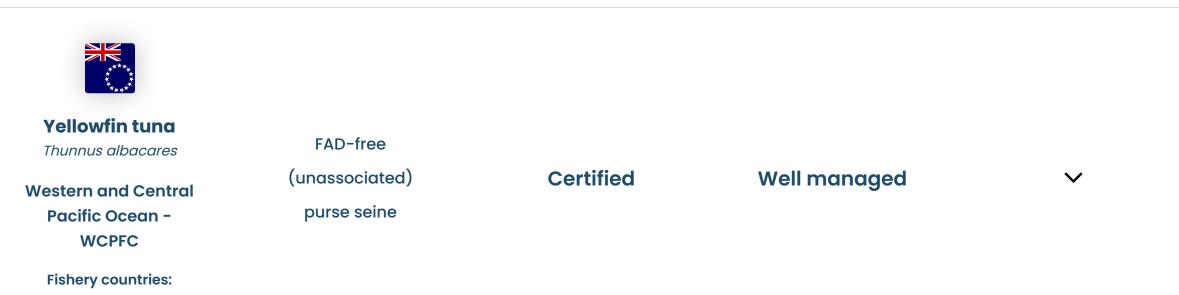
*****				
Yellowfin tuna				
Thunnus albacares				
Western and Central	Longlines	Certified	Well managed	$\checkmark$
Pacific Ocean -				
WCPFC				
Fishery countries:				
Cook Islands				

#### **Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to turtles, seabirds and sharks, but these risks can be reduced through proper management of fishing gear.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but the scale of the issue is not established.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes.

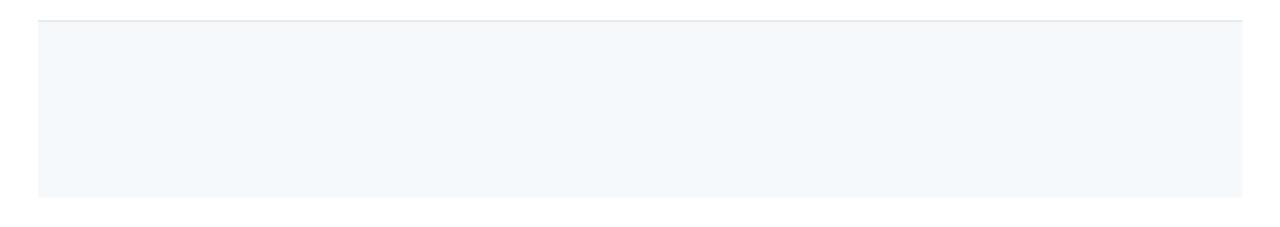


#### **Environmental Notes**

- Purse seine gear presents a hazard to PET species, but this fishery uses FAD-free (unassociated) purse seine gear, which results in less bycatch than associated fisheries, and the WCPFC has adopted several management measures to protect vulnerable bycatch species.
- Bycatch is still a risk for this fishery, but this fishery uses FAD-free (unassociated) purse seine gear, which results in less bycatch than associated fisheries.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

• No additional notes



* *				
Yellowfin tuna				
Thunnus albacares	FAD-free			
Western and Central	(unassociated)	FIP	Managed	$\checkmark$
Pacific Ocean - WCPFC	purse seine			
Fishery countries:				
Micronesia				

- Purse seine gear presents a hazard to PET species, but this fishery uses FAD-free (unassociated) purse seine gear, which results in less bycatch than associated fisheries, and the WCPFC has adopted several management measures to protect vulnerable bycatch species.
- Bycatch is still a risk for this fishery, but this fishery uses FAD-free (unassociated) purse seine gear, which results in less bycatch than associated fisheries.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### **General Notes**

#### References

Fishery Progress, Western and Central Pacific Ocean tuna - purse seine (Thai Union)



## **Profile Download**

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2019

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