



## Hannaford

Hannaford celebrates and honors our bond with local farmers, suppliers and manufacturers, because it brings us together as a community. We're all linked by a shared concern for our earth and a desire to care for the diverse bounty she provides. That's why we work hard every day to make certain that what you find in our stores – from the foods we carry to the services we offer – demonstrates our care for this connection and our stewardship for our planet's natural resources.

What's important to our customers is important to us. From carrying 100% sustainable seafood and achieving zero waste goals in our stores, to fighting hunger in our communities and supporting local farms, we share your passion and commitment to making the world a better place. Together, we're Greater than Groceries.

2020

| Number of Fisheries Used   | Number of Certified Fisheries   | Number of Fisheries in a FIP                                  | Number of Fisheries Assessed as Low Risk by Nonprofit Science Partner  |
|--|---|---|--|
| 42   | 18  | 8   | 16   |
| Production Methods Used  |   |   |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Midwater trawl</li> <li>• Bottom trawl</li> <li>• Dredge</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Purse seine</li> <li>• Gillnets and entangling nets</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Longlines</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rake / hand gathered / hand netted</li> <li>• Pots and traps</li> </ul> |

## Summary

This profile covers all own-brand fresh, frozen, and canned wild-caught seafood sold by Hannaford in 2019. As of March 2022, Hannaford is no longer purchasing these seafood products from Russia.

Hannaford has a comprehensive sustainable seafood policy. We are committed to sourcing only seafood from fisheries and farms that are well managed to ensure that fish populations remain healthy and that fishing and farming methods have a minimum environmental and social impact. All seafood we sell, whether it's fresh, frozen, or canned, must meet important sustainability criteria. We work with the Gulf of Maine Research Institute (GMRI), a nonprofit marine research institution, to help us maintain the credibility and transparency of our policy. For both wild-caught and farmed seafood, we will source a product if it has a certification benchmarked by the Global Sustainable Seafood Initiative (GSSI), or if it is from an active fishery improvement project (FIP) or aquaculture improvement project (AIP). In cases where neither exists, we will only source a product if it assessed as low risk by GMRI. Low risk sources are managed by competent authorities and have management plans in place that incorporate a science-based approach to ensure sustainability. We only work with suppliers that know where the seafood they provide us comes from, and we require traceability to the source fishery or farm for every item we carry. We partner with Trace Register to document source data for all seafood products.

Hannaford is deeply concerned about the well-being of the men and women who contribute to bringing seafood to our stores. From harvesting to processing and distribution, we are committed to ensuring ethical recruitment and conditions of labor. This is a highly complex issue and spans many of our seafood supply chains. We are actively engaged in bringing together numerous stakeholders, NGOs, and other private sector companies to collaboratively address unsatisfactory human welfare conditions, the most egregious being slavery at sea. We will not knowingly sell seafood from illegal, unreported, or unregulated (IUU) sources. Hannaford also requires canned tuna suppliers to comply with the International Sustainable Seafood Foundation conservation measures, and encourages shrimp suppliers to buy from Seafood Task Force members when sourcing from Thailand. Hannaford's parent company, Ahold Delhaize, is a member of the Seafood Task Force, as well as the Global Dialogue on Seafood Traceability. Ahold Delhaize is also a signatory to the World Economic Forum Tuna Declaration. Through the Tuna Declaration, we are committed to pursuing traceability to the vessel for all fresh, frozen, and canned tuna from every country.

For more information on our seafood sourcing policy, please visit:

<https://www.hannaford.com/about-us/sustainability>

## Associated Fisheries



| Species and Location | Production Methods | Certification or Improvement Project | Sustainability Ratings | Notes |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|



**Acadian redfish**  
*Sebastes fasciatus*

**Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank**

Bottom trawl

**Certified**

**Well managed**



**Fishery countries:**

United States

**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to have unacceptable impacts on ETP species. ETP species that may interact with the fishery include marine mammals, sea turtles and Atlantic sturgeon, but recorded interactions are low.
- This fishery does not pose a risk of serious harm to bycatch species. Major bycatch species include dogfish and skate, of which, thorny skate is overfished. There is a partial strategy in place to ensure the fishery does not hinder the recovery of thorny skate.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. However, management measures are in place.

**General Notes**

**Reference**

[SAI Global, 2016, MSC Assessment Final Report and Determination for US Acadian Redfish, Pollock and Haddock Otter Trawl Fishery.](#)



**Blue swimming crab**

*Portunus pelagicus*

**Vietnam**

**Fishery countries:**

Vietnam

Pots and traps

**Not certified or in a FIP**

**Needs improvement**



**Environmental Notes**

- The risks to sharks and sea turtles with this fishery is considered low.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but non-target species are retained.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

**General Notes**

The FIP went inactive on January 27, 2020.

**References**

[Fishery Progress, Vietnam blue swimming crab - bottom gillnet/pot/trap](#)



**Alaska pollock**

*Theragra chalcogramma*

**Gulf of Alaska**

**Fishery countries:**

United States

Midwater trawl

**Certified**

**Well managed**



**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed, but occasional impacts may occur.

**General Notes**

- This fish plays an important role in the marine food web and so potential impacts on the wider marine ecosystem must be monitored.



### American angler

*Lophius americanus*

Bottom trawl

Not certified or in  
a FIP

Well managed



US North Atlantic  
North

Fishery countries:  
United States

#### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low, many species are retained.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.



### American cupped oyster

*Crassostrea virginica*

Dredge  
Rake / hand  
gathered / hand  
netted

Not certified or in  
a FIP

Needs  
improvement



US Atlantic

Fishery countries:  
United States

#### Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.
- The Ahold Delhaize USA policy approves these fisheries because they have strict, science-based management and rules are well enforced.



### American lobster

*Homarus americanus*

Pots and traps

Certified

Well managed



Gulf of Maine and  
Georges Bank

Fishery countries:  
United States

#### Environmental Notes

- There are potential risks to ETP species with this fishery, but mitigation actions are underway.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### General Notes

- No additional notes.



**American sea scallop**

*Placopecten magellanicus*

Dredge

**Certified**

**Well managed**



**US Atlantic – Mid-Atlantic Bight**

**Fishery countries:**  
United States

**Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to sea turtles with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch is a risk in this fishery.
- Dredges will directly impact on the sea bed.

**General Notes**

- No additional notes.



**Atlantic cod**

*Gadus morhua*

Bottom trawl

**Not certified or in a FIP**

**Needs improvement**



**Georges Bank**

**Fishery countries:**  
United States

**Environmental Notes**

- There are potential risks to PET species with this fishery, but mitigation actions are underway.
- There is significant bycatch with this fishery but non-target species are retained.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

**General Notes**

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.
- The Ahold Delhaize USA policy approves this fishery because there is a rebuilding plan in place with strict rules that are well enforced.



**Blue mussel**

*Mytilus edulis*

Dredge

**FIP**

**Sustainability not rated**



**Gulf of Maine**

**Fishery countries:**  
United States

**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.

- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Dredges will directly impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

#### References

[Fishery Progress, US Maine blue mussel - dredge/rake](#)



### Blue swimming crab

*Portunus pelagicus*

Java Sea

Fishery countries:

Indonesia

Pots and traps

FIP

Needs improvement



### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

#### References

[Fishery Progress, Indonesian blue swimming crab - gillnet/trap](#)



### Blue swimming crab

*Portunus pelagicus*

Vietnam

Fishery countries:

Vietnam

Pots and traps

FIP

Needs improvement



### Environmental Notes

- The risks to sharks and sea turtles with this fishery is considered low.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but non-target species are retained.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

#### References

[Fishery Progress, Vietnam blue swimming crab - bottom gillnet/pot/trap](#)



### Haddock

*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*

Barents Sea

Bottom trawl

Certified

Well managed



**Fishery countries:**

Norway

**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species, but available data is still limited.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. An MSC condition is in place to strengthen understanding of fishery interactions with sensitive habitat.

**General Notes**

- No additional notes.



**Haddock**

*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*

Bottom trawl

**Not certified or in a FIP**

**Sustainability not rated**



**E Georges Bank**

**Fishery countries:**

Canada

**Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to PET species with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- There is bycatch for this fishery but non-target species are retained. Management measures are in place to reduce impacts on retained species.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact the sea bed. However, management measures are in place

**General Notes**

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.



**Haddock**

*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*

Bottom trawl

**Not certified or in a FIP**

**Needs improvement**



**Faroes**

**Fishery countries:**

Faroe Islands

**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

**General Notes**

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.
- The Ahold Delhaize USA policy approves this fishery because there is a rebuilding plan in place with strict rules that are well enforced.



Bottom trawl

**Certified**

**Managed**



### Haddock

*Melanogrammus  
aeglefinus*

#### Gulf of Maine

#### Fishery countries:

United States

### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch is a significant risk for this fishery.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

- No additional notes



### Haddock

*Melanogrammus  
aeglefinus*

Bottom trawl

Certified

Well managed



#### Icelandic

#### Fishery countries:

Iceland

### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. Measures to protect vulnerable habitats such as cold water coral reefs are in place.

### General Notes

- No additional notes.



### Jonah crab

*Cancer borealis*

Pots and traps

Not certified or in  
a FIP

Managed



#### US Atlantic

#### Fishery countries:

United States

### Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.
- This fishery was in the [Jonah Crab FIP](#) from 2014–2017.

### References

[Gulf of Maine Research Institute, Jonah Crab Fishery Improvement Project](#)



Bottom trawl

Certified

Well managed



### Longfin squid

*Loligo pealeii*

NW Atlantic

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- There are risks to marine mammals, sharks, and rays with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- There is some risk of bycatch by bottom trawl gear.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

#### General Notes

- No additional notes.



### Mahi-mahi

*Coryphaena hippurus*

Longlines

FIP

Sustainability  
not rated



Indian Ocean

Fishery countries:

Indonesia

#### Environmental Notes

- Longlines present a hazard to turtles, seabirds and sharks but these risks can be reduced through proper management of fishing gear.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes sharks and billfish, but there are mitigation measures underway.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### General Notes

#### References

[Future of Indonesian Fisheries, Indonesia Indian Ocean Tuna and Large Pelagics – Longline](#)



### Northern quahog

*Mercenaria mercenaria*

Dredge

Rake / hand  
gathered / hand  
netted

Not certified or in  
a FIP

Sustainability  
not rated



US NW Atlantic Coast

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, Gulf of Maine Research Institute.



### Ocean quahog

*Arctica islandica*

Dredge

Certified

Well managed



US Atlantic

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- Habitat impacts in this fishery are not fully understood.

#### General Notes

- No additional notes



### Opalescent inshore squid

*Loligo opalescens*

Purse seine

Not certified or in a FIP

Managed



Eastern Pacific

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- There are risks to seabirds with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- There is a lack of information on bycatch in this fishery.
- This fishery has some negative habitat impacts.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.



### Pacific cod

*Gadus macrocephalus*

Bottom trawl

Certified

Well managed



E Bering Sea

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- There are risks to seabirds and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there is insufficient data available to assess significance.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed. However, management measures are in place.

#### General Notes

- No additional notes



### Pacific cod

*Gadus macrocephalus*

Longlines

Certified

Well managed



#### Gulf of Alaska

#### Fishery countries:

United States

### Environmental Notes

- There are risks to seabirds and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

- No additional notes



### Pink salmon

*Oncorhynchus gorbuscha*

Gillnets and entangling nets

Certified

Well managed



Alaska - Southeast  
Alaska

#### Fishery countries:

United States

### Environmental Notes

- While encounters with marine mammals and birds have been documented in this fishery, the impact on PET species is not thought to be significant.
- There is no risk of bycatch for this fishery. Catches of other salmon species are accounted for in the pink salmon management.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

### General Notes

#### Caveat

The environmental notes for this fishery are based on information that is partly derived from sources other than the FishSource profile.

#### References

[Intertek Moody Marine, 2013, MSC Public Certification Report for Alaska Salmon Fishery.](#)



### Queen crab

*Chionoecetes opilio*

Pots and traps

Not certified or in a FIP

Sustainability not rated



#### Barents Sea

#### Fishery countries:

Norway

## Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

## General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.



### Queen crab

*Chionoecetes opilio*

NW Atlantic –  
Newfoundland and  
Labrador

Fishery countries:

Canada

Pots and traps

Certified

Well managed



## Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

## General Notes

- No additional notes



### Rainbow smelt

*Osmerus mordax*

Eastern New  
Brunswick

Fishery countries:

Canada

Gillnets and  
entangling nets

Not certified or in  
a FIP

Sustainability  
not rated



## Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- There is a lack of information on bycatch in this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

## General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.



### Red king crab

*Paralithodes  
camtschaticus*

Bristol Bay

Fishery countries:

United States

Pots and traps

Certified

Well managed



## Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- There is some bycatch of other crabs with this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

## General Notes

- This fishery is certified through the Alaska Responsible Fisheries Management (RFM) Program.

## References

[Alaska Seafood Marketing Institute, RFM Certification: Alaska Crab](#)



### Saithe

*Pollachius virens*

Bottom trawl

Certified

Well managed



Gulf of Maine and  
Georges Bank

Fishery countries:  
United States

## Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

## General Notes

- No additional notes.



### Sand gaper

*Mya arenaria*

Rake / hand  
gathered / hand  
netted

Not certified or in  
a FIP

Sustainability  
not rated



US Atlantic Coast

Fishery countries:  
United States

## Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.
- Profile not yet complete.

## General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, Gulf of Maine Research Institute.



### Snappers nei

*Lutjanus spp.*

Longlines

FIP

Sustainability  
not rated



Aru Bay, Arafura Sea  
and Eastern of Timor

**Sea**

**Fishery countries:**

Indonesia

**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.
- Profile not yet complete.

**General Notes**

**References**

[Fishery Progress, Indonesia Aru and Arafura demersal fish - longline](#)



**Sockeye salmon**

*Oncorhynchus nerka*

Gillnets and entangling nets

**Certified**

**Well managed**



**Alaska - Southeast Alaska**

**Fishery countries:**

United States

**Environmental Notes**

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch for this fishery is considered low.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the benthic habitat.

**General Notes**

**Caveat**

The environmental notes for this fishery are based on a provisional assessment and are not derived from the FishSource profile.

**References**

[Intertek Moody Marine, 2013, MSC Public Certification Report for the Alaska Salmon Fishery](#)



**Sockeye salmon**

*Oncorhynchus nerka*

Gillnets and entangling nets

**Certified**

**Managed**



**Russia - East Kamchatka**

**Fishery countries:**

Russia

**Environmental Notes**

- Profile not yet complete.

**General Notes**

- No additional notes



**Not certified or in**

**Managed**



## Summer flounder

*Paralichthys dentatus*

### Northwest Atlantic

#### Fishery countries:

United States

Bottom trawl

a FIP

### Environmental Notes

- This fishery is unlikely to impact PET species.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bottom trawls will directly impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, Gulf of Maine Research Institute.



## Swordfish

*Xiphias gladius*

Longlines

FIP

Needs  
improvement



### Indian Ocean

#### Fishery countries:

Indonesia

### Environmental Notes

- There is a risk to PET species with this fishery. Longlines present a hazard to turtles, seabirds and sharks, but these risks can be reduced through proper management of fishing gear.
- Bycatch for this fishery includes tuna, billfish and sharks.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

### General Notes

#### References

[Fishery Progress, Indonesia/Indian Ocean tuna and large pelagics - longline](#)



## Swordfish

*Xiphias gladius*

Longlines

Certified

Well managed



### North Atlantic

#### Fishery countries:

United States

### Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

### General Notes

- No additional notes.



Not certified or in

Needs



Longlines

a FIP

improvement



### Swordfish

*Xiphias gladius*

Northeast Pacific

Fishery countries:

Costa Rica

#### Environmental Notes

- There are risks to sea turtles with this fishery.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.
- The Ahold Delhaize USA policy approves this fishery because it has strict, science-based management and rules are well enforced.



### White hake

*Urophycis tenuis*

Gillnets and entangling nets

Not certified or in a FIP

Sustainability not rated



Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, GMRI.



### Winter flounder

*Pseudopleuronectes americanus*

Bottom trawl

Not certified or in a FIP

Needs improvement



NW Atlantic Central

Fishery countries:

United States

#### Environmental Notes

- Profile not yet complete.

#### General Notes

- This fishery is assessed as low risk by our nonprofit science partner, Gulf of Maine Research Institute.
- Ahold Delhaize USA approves this fishery because there is a rebuilding plan in place with strict rules that are well enforced.



FIP

Needs

**Yellowfin tuna***Thunnus albacares***Indian Ocean****Fishery countries:**

Indonesia

**Environmental Notes**

- There are risks to seabirds, sea turtles and marine mammals with this fishery, but there are mitigation measures in place.
- Bycatch is a risk for this fishery.
- This fishery is unlikely to have a significant impact on the sea bed.

**General Notes****References**

[Fishery Progress, Indonesia/Indian Ocean tuna and large pelagics - longline](#)



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